

The most important thing to remember is that you must wash your hands thoroughly before handling any fresh piercing. The following recommendations are specific to nose piercings.

1. Clean your piercing three times a day using a non-scented anti-bacterial soap such as Provon® or Dial®. Always clean your piercing after showers. If you clean your piercing while showering it must be the last to be cleaned just before you get out of the shower. Clean your piercing in the morning, around the middle of your day, and just before you go to bed.
2. Clean your jewelry first by removing any mucus and secretions with a cotton swab and water. Make sure dried matter is soft and moist before removing it or before any rotating or twisting of the jewelry.
3. Use soap on a cotton swab to remove loose and moist matter remaining on the piercing. Always use separate swabs for cleaning each side of the piercing. Never rotate the swab into the piercing – always rotate and wipe away from the piercing. Never use a cotton swab twice as you can swipe bacteria or other unwanted material into the piercing.
4. With a clean cotton swab remove any remaining cleaning agent. Wet the swab if necessary to remove any residue which may cause skin irritation or dryness. Tighten your beads if needed.
5. Pat dry with a clean, lint free paper towel if needed. Never use cloth towels as they may hold bacteria. Never rub.

Use cotton swabs to remove any lymph or secretions that may be present. Do not blow your nose. Keep a 1 inch area surrounding your piercing completely clean of any make-up, lotion, scented and specialty soaps, or other similar product. Try to avoid smoky areas or smoking as much as possible. Avoid alcohol, aspirin, and any drugs not prescribed to you. A high zinc multivitamin, good hydration and a healthy sleep pattern will improve your healing overall. Make sure you are using clean sheets and pillow cases. Avoid pools, ponds, Jacuzzis, etc. Avoid others that may be sick, and wash your hands to avoid getting sick. Do not remove your jewelry unless instructed to by a professional piercer or your health care professional.

Consult a health care professional at the first sign of infection.

Symptoms of an infection can include: fever, redness, particularly if it spreads or forms a red streak, swelling or heat in the affected area, excessive pain or tenderness, and/or pus draining from or around the piercing. Follow all aftercare to reduce the risk of infections. Some people have sensitivities to metals and the appearance of a metal allergy and an infection are often very similar. If your piercing is in constant discomfort, has a discharge, is reddened beyond the first week without a causable factor, or simply doesn't feel "right" consult a health care professional. If a health care professional is unable to help or says that it is an allergic reaction and you need different jewelry, we are always glad to assist.

Your jewelry is _____ gauge and is made of 316 LVM SS or Grade 23 titanium.

Healing time for this piercing is: 6 ~ 8 weeks

Purchase jewelry that is made of the same material. Do not put in any other jewelry until your piercing is healed. When it is healed and you wish to change the jewelry, sanitize the jewelry using isopropyl alcohol of 70% or greater strength. Allow to dry thoroughly. Clean the piercing as previously stated in steps 1 through 5 and then insert the new jewelry. If you wish to have assistance with jewelry removal or insertion, please call or stop in at Skinlab.

Do not touch your new piercing unless you are cleaning it!